

問 固有値, 固有空間を求めよ

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -10 & -8 \\ 5 & 8 & 5 \\ -3 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

答 固有値を求めよ.

$$|\lambda E_3 - A| = \begin{vmatrix} \lambda + 4 & 10 & 8 \\ -5 & \lambda - 8 & -5 \\ 3 & 0 & \lambda - 1 \end{vmatrix} = -(\lambda - 4)$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{2} + \textcircled{1} \times (-1)}{=} \begin{vmatrix} \lambda + 4 & 10 & -\lambda + 4 \\ -5 & \lambda - 8 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & \lambda - 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{3} \times (\lambda - 4)}{=} \begin{vmatrix} \lambda + 4 & 10 & -1 \\ -5 & \lambda - 8 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{3}}{=} (\lambda - 4) \begin{vmatrix} \lambda + 7 & 10 & 0 \\ -5 & \lambda - 8 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{行列の展開}}{=} (\lambda - 4) \left\{ \underbrace{(\lambda + 7)(\lambda - 8) + 50}_{\lambda^2 - \lambda - 6 = (\lambda + 2)(\lambda - 3)} \right\}$$

$$= (\lambda + 2)(\lambda - 3)(\lambda - 4) = 0$$

$$\therefore \lambda = -2, 3, 4 \text{ (固有値)}$$

固有空間を求めよ.

• $\lambda = -2$ のとき.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 10 & 8 \\ -5 & -10 & -5 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

を解く.

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 10 & 8 & 0 \\ -5 & -10 & -5 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & \\ \hline 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\therefore \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -t \\ t \end{pmatrix} = t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (t \neq 0) : \text{固有ベクトル}$$

よって
固有空間 $V(-2) = V\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$

• $\lambda = 3$ のとき.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 10 & 8 \\ -5 & -5 & -5 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{を考慮.}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 7 & 10 & 8 & 0 \\ -5 & -5 & -5 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (-2/3)t \\ (-1/3)t \\ t \end{pmatrix} = t \begin{pmatrix} -2/3 \\ -1/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (t \neq 0) : \text{固有ベクトル}$$

よって
 $V(3) = V\left(\begin{pmatrix} -2/3 \\ -1/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$

• $\lambda = 4$ のとき.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 & 10 & 8 \\ -5 & -4 & -5 \\ 3 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{を考慮}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 8 & 10 & 8 & 0 \\ -5 & -4 & -5 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 3 & 0 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -t \\ 0 \\ t \end{pmatrix} = t \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (t \neq 0) : \text{固有ベクトル}$$

よって
 $V(4) = V\left(\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$